

MUMEYA
Japanese Photographers.
All kinds of photographs
Worked up in latest styles
also passport photos.
Developing and Printing for
Amateurs a Specialty.
No. 14, Queen's Road Central
L. 2547

The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

THE
OVERLAND CHINA MAIL
(PUBLISHED EVERY
MAIL DAY.)
Contains the Week's News
of Hongkong and the
Far East.
Prices (including Postage) to all
parts of the world 11s
per annum.

No. 17,004

號三十月一十年七十壹百九千壹英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1917.

日丁次歲年六國民華中

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month

THORNE'S OLD VAT No. 4. SCOTCH WHISKY.

SOLE AGENTS.

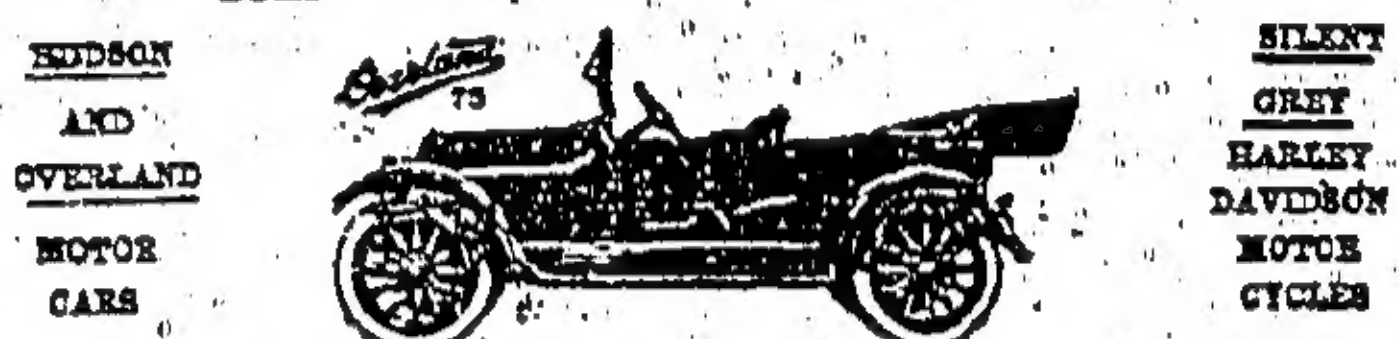
A. S. WATSON & Co. Ltd
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
HONGKONG.
(Tel. 618.)

BUSINESS NOTICES. W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD. ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS. KOWLOON BAY.

Steam and Motor Vessels,
Steel Building Work of every Description,
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE FAMOUS



TELEPHONE 482.
COME AND INSPECT
BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

Established 1883

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND	CABLE LAID	4 STRAND
3" to 15"	5" to 15"	3" to 10"
CIRCUMFERENCE	CIRCUMFERENCE	CIRCUMFERENCE

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length

Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to
Shewan, Tomes & Co. General Managers.

Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

OUR PEONY CALENDAR

will solve the gift question easily for you.
Useful and ornamental and certain to please.
All ready for posting—just write the address
and send it off.

PRICE \$3.75

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD., HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

TEL. 16.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have
over thirty years' experience. We own two slipways and can accommodate any craft
of 200 feet long.

Town Office, 45, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. Telephone No. 481.
Shipyards: Sham Shui Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. 9.
Estimates furnished on application.
HONGKONG, April 1, 1912.

WONG PING WA, Manager

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.
All Electric Lifts, Bells and Lighting.
European Baths and Sanitary Fittings.
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.
Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 373.
Telegraphic Address:
"KING EDWARD,"
HONGKONG.

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOURSSON.
17, MORRISON HILL ROAD.

TAN YUK DEXTER, instructor of
the late SIEN TING.

DAVID L. STERN.
17, MORRISON HILL ROAD.
FRENCH LESSONS.
Diplomate, Paris.

BUSINESS NOTICES

TAIKOO DOCKYARD

BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

—THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY—
—OF HONGKONG, LTD.—

AGENTS:
SUTHERLAND & SWICE
—TELEPHONE NO. 612—

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 575 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

GENERAL MANAGERS

THE HONGKONG HOTEL AND GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART
MANAGER

PEAK HOTEL.

ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

FIRST CLASS FAMILY RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking, and Lido
rooms, Roof Garden.
Terms—From \$5 per day. Max. Telephone add.: "Peaceful,"
P. O. PEUSTER,
Manager.

TO THOSE GOING AWAY

Keep in touch with local happenings
by subscribing to

"THE OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"

All the News of Hongkong and the Far East.

ORDER BEFORE YOU LEAVE SO THAT YOU MAY RECEIVE

IT WHILE AWAY

IT IS THE ONLY PAPER WHICH

IS THE ONLY PAPER WHICH

IS THE ONLY PAPER WHICH

THE WAR.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuters Service to the China Mail.)

ITALY.

THE SITUATION OUTLINED.

Paris, Nov. 12.

A semi-official statement on the
Italian situation was issued yesterday,
as follows—

The Italians on the lower Piave
are preparing to meet a fresh attack
by the Archduke Eugene whose
objective is Treviso. General von
Bulow's Army, descending on Piave,
has captured Belluno, and General
Krobatine's Army, farther to the
left, following the valley of Corde-
vole, has passed Apeldo, and
lastly, General Hostendorff's Army,
descending on Valsugana, has
reached Asiago, but detachments
attempting to advance to the east
were repulsed.

The Italians are vigorously oppos-
ing the enemy's attempt to take
them in the rear, which is a most
serious menace.

ALLIED OPERATIONS IN ITALY.

London, Nov. 12.

It is reported that the Allied War
Council has already decided upon
operations on a considerable scale in
Italy, in which an equal part will be
borne by Great Britain and France,
and the United States may eventu-
ally co-operate.

THE FRANCO-BRITISH FORCES IN ITALY.

General FAYOLLE APPOINTED
COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Paris, Nov. 12.

General Fayolle has been appoint-
ed Commander-in-Chief of the
Franco-British forces in Venetia.

BITTER STRUGGLE ON THE ASIAGO PLATEAU.

London, Nov. 12.

An Italian official message says:
The enemy renewed his attack
fruitlessly, on the Asiago plateau, in
the sectors Gallo, Monte Longara,
and Melitadigallo.

KAISER AND ALLIED MONARCHS ON ITALIAN FRONT.

Amsterdam, Nov. 12.

The Kaiser has conferred with the
Emperor Karl of Austria-Hungary
and King Ferdinand of Bulgaria on
the Italian Front.

ADEQUATE ARTILLERY NEEDED BY ALLIES.

London, Nov. 12.

Reuter's Correspondent at Italian
Headquarters, telegraphing last
night, emphasises that mere num-
bers are insufficient to stop the
Austro-Germans, adequate artillery
is essential.

GERMAN REPORT.

London, Nov. 12.

A German official message states:
Our troops barred the enemy's
retreat in the upper Piave Valley,
taking 10,000 prisoners and much
material.

PROBABLY DEMONSTRATION IN MULEN.

Amsterdam, Nov. 12.

A French official message states:
The Allies' demonstration at
Mulen was intended to draw
German troops away from the
Italian Front.

RUSSIA.

KERENSKY'S MASTERLY STROKE.

London, Nov. 12.

Yesterday's Russian wireless report
reveals another kaleidoscopic change
in the situation.

Up to the present, all official news
reaching the outside world has been
from the Leninists but M. Kerensky,
by a masterly stroke, is ejecting the
Leninists, and a powerful long-dis-
tance wireless station at Tsarbov-
Selo enabled him to throw another
light on affairs.

Telegrams from correspondents
confirm that Leninism is going out
like a guttering candle, with the
gradual accession of its supporters.
Everybody is expecting the entry of
M. Kerensky at any moment, but
fighting is not impossible.

THE LENINISTS AT MOSCOW ATTEMPTED TO SEIZE POWER, BUT THE GARRISON OPPOSED THE EXTREMISTS WHO WERE FINALLY ISOLATED IN THE KREMLIN.

Stockholm, Nov. 12.

Travelers arriving last night from
the Swedish Finnish frontier report
that the general impression in Russia
is that there will be much bloodshed.
The better-class residents of Petro-
grad are afraid to appear in the
streets. Only Extremist soldiers are
seen. The situation in Finland is
hopeless. Anarchy is increasing, and
there are frequent assassinations by
Extremists in broad daylight.

MUCH BLOODSHED EXPECTED.

Stockholm, Nov. 12.

Travelers arriving last night from
the Swedish Finnish frontier report
that the general impression in Russia
is that there will be much bloodshed.
The better-class residents of Petro-
grad are afraid to appear in the
streets. Only Extremist soldiers are
seen. The situation in Finland is
hopeless. Anarchy is increasing, and
there are frequent assassinations by
Extremists in broad daylight.

GERMANY AND PEACE.

London, Nov. 12.

In the House of Commons, reply-
ing to Mr. Trevelyan, the Liberal
Member for Eland, Mr. Balfour
stated that the Government was not
aware of any peace proposals by
Germany to France. The alleged
German advances through irregular
channels to French Statesmen who
were not members of the Govern-
ment, must be dealt with in France.
There was no earthly difficulty in the
Germans making peace proposals, if
they wished. (Cheers.)

STATEMENT BY MR. BALFOUR.

London, Nov. 12.

In the House of Commons, reply-
ing to Mr. Trevelyan, the Liberal
Member for Eland, Mr. Balfour
stated that the Government was not
aware of any peace proposals by
Germany to France. The alleged
German advances through irregular
channels to French Statesmen who
were not members of the Govern-
ment, must be dealt with in France.
There was no earthly difficulty in the
Germans making peace proposals, if
they wished. (Cheers.)

TIRPITZ AND BELGIUM.

Amsterdam, Nov. 12.

Speaking at Munich, Admiral von
Tirpitz declared that the question
whether Germany or Great Britain
would become the protector of Bel-
gium would be decisive for the issue
of the war and the future of Ger-
many. It would be a mistaken solu-
tion of the Belgian problem to grant
Germany's exports and to degrade
Germany to the position of a bond
slave of Great Britain and America.
Germany's military activity lay in
Belgium and this was the only way
for Germany to secure compensation
for her enormous economic losses.

FIGHTING FOR A GERMAN PROTECTORATE.

Amsterdam, Nov. 12.

Speaking at Munich, Admiral von
Tirpitz declared that the question
whether Germany or Great Britain
would become the protector of Bel-
gium would be decisive for the issue
of the war and the future of Ger-
many. It would be a mistaken solu-
tion of the Belgian problem to grant
Germany's exports and to degrade
Germany to the position of a bond
slave of Great Britain and America.
Germany's military activity lay in
Belgium and this was the only way
for Germany to secure compensation
for her enormous economic losses.

INTIMATIONS

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR.

MISS ANTON, East Point, will be pleased if all the Scotchwomen of the Colony will let her know what they are willing to contribute to the Heather Day Sale. Scotch delicacies and fancy articles of every description will be welcomed. Hongkong, Nov. 10, 1917. 2337

ALFRED HYNDMAN

43 Wyndham Street
Has for sale
CARBON PAPER at \$1.00 per dozen sheets
RIBBONS at \$1.50 each.

UNDERTAKES to clean and repair Typewriters at \$12.00 per machine per annum.
For particulars apply to the above address.
Hongkong, Nov. 7, 1917. 2373

HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS COMPANY, LTD.

IMPORTANT WARNING.

CONSUMERS are again reminded that only official receipts issued by the Company and with an embossed stamp bearing the name of the undersigned, are genuine.
Next are impersonating the Company's sections and are endeavouring to defraud Gas consumers, hence this warning.

GEORGE CURRY,
Local Secretary.

Hongkong & China Gas Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, Nov. 9, 1917. 2377

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

CORNED BEEF

AND

CORNED PORK.

PUT UP IN KEYS AND BARRELS
FOR
EXPORT OR STEAMERS USE.

MARTIN'S
APIOL STEEL
PILLS
A French Remedy for all liver troubles.
It cures Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache, Stomach Ache, Constipation, and all the ailments arising from a disordered liver.
It is a powerful purgative, and its action is gentle and pleasant.
It is sold in all the leading chemists and druggists.
MARTIN'S
APIOL STEEL
PILLS

MASSAGE.

MR. RONDA.
Trained male Masseuse.
Ten years' experience.
Formerly of Tokyo Military Hospital.
WILL VISIT PATIENTS
RESIDENCES IF PREPARED
No. 215, Queen's Road East.

THE ANDERSON
MUSIC CO., LTD.

HIGH CLASS
PIANOS FOR
SALE OR
HIRE.
CASH OR
CREDIT.
TUNING & REPAIRING
A SPECIALITY.

45, Des Voeux Road. TEL. 1322.

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

WHO SELL Indents promptly executed at lowest cash prices at British and Continental goods, including:
Books and Stationery.
Toys, Shoes and Leather.
Chemicals and Drugists' Sundries.
China, Earthenware and Glassware.
Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories.
Drugs, Millinery and Fash Goods.
Fancy Goods and Perfumery.
Hardware, Machinery and Metals.
Jewellery, Plate and Watches.
Photographs and Optical Goods.
Furniture and Children's Stores.
etc., etc.
Consolidation 24 1/2 to 5 1/2.
Trade Discounts allowed.
Special Quotations on Demand.
Samples sent from 210 onwards.
Orders of Freight paid on Demand.
WILLIAM WILSON & CO. LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4.
Cable Address: "WILSON LONDON."

"Embassy"

The Perfect Cigarette

QUALITY is the point
which is necessary
in an enjoyable
Cigarette.

In
Tins
of
25 & 50



That's why
"EMBASSY"
VIRGINIA No. 77
has been justly
described as
THE CIGARETTE
DE LUXE.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS ISSUED BY THE
BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO Co., Ltd.

AN ANGLO-JAPANESE
SAILOR

A PERSONALITY OUT OF DICKENS.

The late Captain J. M. James, who played a noteworthy part in aiding the development of the Japanese Navy, would appear from a sketch by Mr. W. E. Mason in the "New East" to have been as a personality whom Dickens might, by a slight exaggeration of his peculiarities, have rendered immortal. At one time, he bore a certain resemblance to the pictures of Captain Kettle. The spare, erect figure, the pointed beard, the fixed eye, and general nautical bearing, all combined to recall Cutcliffe Hyne's redoubtable hero. He had built himself a Japanese house in the suburb of Shinagawa on raised ground that projected fortress-like above the surrounding rice fields—fields now covered by houses and factories—and afforded a pleasing view over Tokyo Bay; and there he lived for many years the life of a Japanese "grand seigneur" (this house was burnt down and was being replaced by a new one at the time of his death). The internal European arrangements were remarkable for their neatness and order, everything always being in place, and his own particular snuggerly fitted up in every respect like that of a commander's cabin on one of the big liners. His thorough knowledge, both spoken and written, and acquaintance with all phases of Japanese life—remarkable in a man who had spent most of his time abroad—enabled him to live in the style he loved without anachronism of any kind, that of a Japanese gentleman of birth and means. You paid him a visit for example. There was no bell to ring; you shouted "Tanomo" at the gate; the man-servant came, bowed, relieved you of your foot-gear, and then ushered you in to await the appearance, after a becoming interval, of the master of the manor. No exceptions were ever made to this form of etiquette; strict discipline within the household on naval lines was always in evidence. James was an excellent host and many words and conditions of men, Japanese and foreign, were wont to meet around his hospitable board. True, a cavalier might have suggested at times a more eclectic sacking out of his friends for such occasions. He was by nature much too bluff for the finer nuances of social diplomacy and, after all, one did not look for much beyond good-fellowship at his table. Once I remember meeting at lunch at his house, among

others, Mr. H. W. Denton, legal adviser to the Foreign Office, Captain F. Beakley, R.A. of the "Japan Mail," Mr. E. Fenellosa, the art critic, and Colonel Olcott, the esoteric Buddhist—now all passed into the Great Beyond. Colonel Olcott who was, as Kipling, then on a visit to Japan about the same time, wrote of him—"Wandering up and down the country, now telling them that the Buddhist religion needs reformation, offering to reform it, and eating with ostentatious rice-gruel, which is served to him in cups by admiring handmaids." Captain James himself was, more or less, a professed follower of Buddhism; he had studied and written papers on the subject for the Asiatic Society of Japan; he had friends amongst the priests of the Nichiren sect and had made a pilgrimage to their beautiful headquarters at Minobu where his ashes were laid to rest and on whose pillars his name is found inscribed with those of other benefactors; but for anything partaking of the Slavatsky or aesthetic cults, he had no patience whatever. There was an awkward incident at the lunch in question. Conversation having turned on Spiritualism, some one observed that surely nobody nowadays paid any serious attention to it; upon which Fenellosa rounded sharply on the speaker, saying, "And pray, sir, what do you know of Spiritualism?" The quiet response of "Oh! I have been a medium in my time!" left the Bostonian virtuous in a dilemma.

James was a man of moods and a martinet; but how far ill-health, especially in his latter years may have been responsible for this, it would be difficult to say; something of it, it was doubtless a legacy from hard experience on the opium ships with Malay crews in his early days. At his best, he was the quintessence of urbanity; at other times, an odd compound of quarter-deck manners with choleric outbursts and fustian language that proved a sore trial to his friends. But these latter seldom lasted long. If the temperamental barometer happened to be low in the morning he might send you to a place reputedly hotter than the tropics; later in the day when it had risen somewhat, he would meet you as if never a cloud had obscured the sky. That was "Jimmy's" way. A kinder or more faithful friend never lived. At New Year's time and on his return from his various trips to Europe, every one, old as well as young, received "more japonico" some little memento of his travels, a token of his remembrance of them when far away. He was punctilious, too, in all social observances—duty calls, weddings, funerals, etc.; his spruce, well-groomed figure was rarely missing at any important function in the capital. He had all a sailor's love for animals, cats and parrots being his favourites, and a goodly collection of these would be paraded in the garden before his guests.

THE GOLD STANDARD IN JAPAN.
GREAT INCREASE OF GOLD
RESERVE.

Tokio, November 2nd.
The twentieth anniversary of the adoption of the gold-standard was celebrated yesterday at the Bankers Club by prominent bankers, members of the Cabinet and influential men in business circles. Marquis Matsukata was the principal guest as the chief promoter of the gold standard.
All the speeches were in eulogy of the bold and wise policy carried out in the adoption of the new standard of currency despite the many difficulties confronting it, which were thought at the time by many people to be insurmountable and too risky.
Baron Sakatani, Minister of Finance 1906-08, pointed out that among the principal cases facilitating the success of the new system was the receipt of the indemnity from China, which China was made to pay in gold. He further stated that Japan had suffered a loss of only seven per cent in replacing the silver standard by gold.
The Minister of Finance emphasized the great increase in gold since the War, saying that the Gold Reserve of the Bank of Japan, which was Y. 12 millions when War broke out had increased to Y. 397 millions and now stands at Y. 450 millions.
All the speakers agreed concerning the necessity of turning the new situation to the best advantage by carefully guarding against tendencies to be carried away by over-optimism.—Reuter.

THEATRE ROYAL
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!
8.15 P.M.
EDGAR WARWICK
ANNOUNCES

COMPLETE CHANGE OF
PROGRAMME!
Introducing
NIGHT-TIME IN DOLL-LAND
and a host of other novelties and oddities.
Last Fall, Theatre Royal, London, was the first to introduce this new and exciting programme.
PRICES: 2s. 6d. to 5s. 6d.

SAVARESSE'S
SANTAL
CAPSULES
HYGIENIC PREPARATION
FOR THE TREATMENT OF
URINARY AFFECTIONS
OF ALL KINDS
Solely of Vegetable Origin
No Harmful Effects

INTIMATIONS

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel-Mansions.

Agents for ADMIRALTY CHARTS

ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers.
High Class English Jewellery

KAIPING COAL

FOR ALL INDUSTRIAL AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES

FOUNDRY AND SMELTING COKE

FIREBRICK AND FIRECLAY

FOR ALL INFORMATION APPLY TO

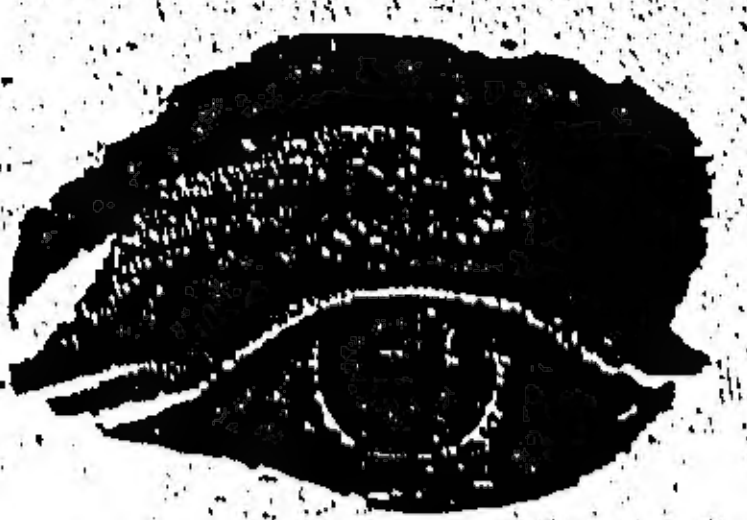
DODWELL & CO., LTD., QUEEN'S

BUILDINGS, HONGKONG, OR

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION.

TIENTSIN, NORTH CHINA.

INTIMATIONS



YOUR EYES

SHOULD NOT BE NEGLECTED.
At the first symptom of eye strain you should consult us. We test eyes scientifically and fit glasses to individual requirements.



HONGKONG & MANILA



MITSUBISHI-COSHI KWAISHA

(Mitsubishi Co.)

COAL DEPARTMENT

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF

TAKASHIMA, OCHI, MUTAH
KIKUDAKE, YOKINOTANI
HOJO, SAMATUNO, SAKO KASADA
SHINNEW, KAMITAMADA, SIBAI
& OTUBARI COLLIERIES.

AGENT FOR HAKITO COAL

Head Office:—
MARUNOUCHI, TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES:—

Nagasaki, Moji, Kure, Wakamatsu,
Osaka, Kobe, Yokohama, Tokyo,
Hagoya, Tsuruga, Wadsworth,
Hankow, Peking, Dairen,
Tientsin, London, New York,
Shanghai, Hongkong,
Batavia, Canton,
and Singapore.

Cable Address:—"IWABARI"
Cable:—A.I. & E.C. 5th Ed.
Western Union, and Bantley's

AGENCIES:—

CHINKIANG: Messrs Gearing &
Co.
MANILA: Messrs Macdonald &
Co.
SINGAPORE: Messrs Borneo Co.
Ltd.

GLASGOW: Messrs A. E. Brown
McFarlane & Co., Ltd.

For Particulars, apply to
S. KAWATE,
Manager,
No. 2, Pedder Street,
HONGKONG.

WAI KEE.

FLAG & SAILMAKER

No. 12, Des Voeux Road Central,
Toy Floor,
HONGKONG
Telephone No. 1833.

PRINTING OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION

executed at the Offices of

THE "CHINA MAIL" LTD.,

5, Wyndham Street.

COMMERCIAL FORMS
SHIPPING FORMS
CIRCULARS
PAMPHLETS
ENTERTAINMENT PROGRAMMES
WINE LISTS
MENUS
INVITATION CARDS

BOOKBINDING.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.
Codes Used: A.I. A.B.C. Fifth Edition; Engineering First and Second Editions, Western Union, and Watkins.
Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers,
Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.
ACCEPTED CUTTING AND WELDING FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR
Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained
workmen under expert European supervision.
All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.
Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, etc., &c.

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS					
NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH OF KEEL BLUCKS	ENTRANCE BREADTH	DEPTH OVER HULL AT ORDINARY TIDAL STAGE	RISE OF TIDE SPRINGS	NEAPS
KOWLOON	200	100	10	7	5
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	200	100	10	7	5
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	200	100	10	7	5
Patent Slip, No. 1, Kowloon	200	100	10	7	5
Patent Slip, No. 2, Kowloon	200	100	10	7	5
WATERLOO	100	50	5	3	2
Commercial Dock	100	50	5	3	2
ADRIEN	100	50	5	3	2
Hope Dock	100	50	5	3	2
Laboratory	100	50	5	3	2

R. M. DYER, R.S.M., M.I.M.E., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

Hughes & Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.
General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General Produce
Brokers and Commission
Agents.
PROPRIETORS
"Te-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.
Codes used
Bentley's
A. B. C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A 1 Telegraphic Code.
Telegraphic Address
"HUGHES & HOUGH" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
WEDNESDAY,
the 14th November, 1917, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE, TWIN BEDSTADS, CURTAINS, CARPETS, PICTURES, etc., etc.
As follows:—
Unpolished Suites, Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofas, Card Tables, Bedroom Furniture, comprising Double and Single Beds, Brass-mounted Bedsteads and Twin Bedsteads, Dining Tables, Dinner Waggon, Extension Sideboard and Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, etc., etc.
Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Silver Sets, etc., Bath Room (Urinals, Roll-top Desks and Writing Tables, sundry Electro-Plated Ware, etc.
Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, Blackwood Furniture, including Large 4-Fold Blackwood "Screen" with 5-Coloured Panels, Side Tables, etc.
Engravings, Pictures, Tennis Rackets and Net, Iron Safe, etc.
Turkish Bath Sheets, Towels, Single and Double Bed Sheets, Bed Quilts, etc.
Brass Fenders, a few Fire Brackets, Old Bronze Vases inlaid with Gold and Silver, etc.
PIANO by Collard & Collard.
Schmayer & Soehne, Stuttgart.
W. Schmeiss & Co., Berlin.
(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Nov. 7, 1917. 2374

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
WEDNESDAY,
the 14th November, 1917, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
A LARGE QUANTITY OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, "all unpolished massive teak," and specially constructed to owners' design.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Nov. 9, 1917. 2384

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
FRIDAY,
the 16th November, 1917, at 10.45 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
MISCELLANEOUS GOODS,
Comprising:—
Blankets, Counterpanes, Sheets, etc.; Dress Materials, including Blue and White Serge, "good" quality; Prints, Gingham, White Linen, Long Cloth, Drill, Flannel, Fannelette, etc.; Handkerchiefs, Gent's Silk Socks, Boys' Suits, Towels, Toilet Soap, Perfumery, White Lace Curtains, etc., etc.
A few Suit Cases and Sundries.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Nov. 10, 1917. 2388

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
FRIDAY,
the 16th November, 1917, at 2.30 p.m., at No. 23, New Hampshire Buildings, Ground Floor, (Hanoi Road),
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
therapeutic contained.
Particulars from Catalogue.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Nov. 12, 1917. 2389

STRENGTH AND ENERGY FOR TIRED FOLKS

How Run Down, Nerve Sick, Discouraged Men and Women are Finding New Nerves, New Health, New Life, New Courage

WHEN the alarm clock rang this morning did you bound from bed, wide awake, bright eyed, clear minded and whistle while you dressed? Did you go to breakfast with the appetite of a horse and leave for work feeling "fit, brimful of ideas and energy, ready to do your work with a will?"
Not if you're the average citizen. You stretched and yawned and said, "another day" and you arose slowly feeling vaguely despondent and uneasy and not a bit rested. The day's tasks were a thing to dread. Something nasty had craved in your mouth and slept there all night. You had no appetite, your work was mechanical and lacked purpose. True you got in the rut finally and pulled through after a fashion, but you weren't a success and you realized it. You lacked ambition, energy, vim, nerve force and you couldn't concentrate. There was no joy or happiness in the day's work or the reward it brought you.
Such symptoms don't necessarily prove that you are ill, but they are certain indications of weakened nerve force and evidence that your nerve cells are not being properly nourished and strengthened. Your whole system—mental and physical—is below par and you are only 50 per cent. efficient—just half your real self. In such a condition you can do nothing better or get quicker action than by taking a few weeks' treatment of the wonderful remedy called Sargol. This is the most remarkable prescription ever found for putting back the "good old pep" in folks who are chronically tired, demoralized or run down. The chief reason for its success is that it contains some of the most important elements of active living nerve force. Sargol acts quickly. It gets straightway into your nerve cells and blood and freshens and brightens you right up. It gives you ambition, courage, will power and real vital vim and does not contain a single habit-forming drug. It is always safe, easy, pleasant and efficient. S. & W. Watson & Co., Ltd., The Victoria Dispensary, The Pharmacy, Queen's Dispensary, The Edward Dispensary and leading chemists every where sell it—40 tablets to a package. A few years ago Sargol was awarded a gold medal and diploma of honor at Brussels, Belgium.

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
FRIDAY,
the 16th November, 1917, at 10.45 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
SUNDRIES.
Comprising:—
Singles, Caps, Umbrellas, Boots, Blankets, etc., etc.
A number of pairs of Gent's Boots and Shoes.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Nov. 9, 1917. 2385

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
SATURDAY,
the 17th November, 1917, at 11.00 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
SUNDRY DRAWING AND DINING ROOM GOODS AND BED ROOM LINENS.
Comprising:—
For DRAWING ROOM—Brass Bowls, Brass Vases, Inlaid Burners, Kinkosan Photo Frames, Flower Vases, Kinkosan Plates on Stands, etc., etc.
For DINING ROOM—An assortment of Table Glass comprising Soda Tumblers, Tumblers, Sherry Glasses, Port and Liqueur Glasses, Champagne Tumblers, Glass and Brass Finger Bowls, Decanters, Ice Cream Plates and a few lots of Damask Table-Cloths, etc., etc.
For BED ROOM—Single and Double Bed Sheets, Bath Towels, Face Towels, Sheetings, Pillow Cases, Satin Quilts, Counterpanes, Blankets, etc., etc.
A few Suit Cases and Sundries.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Nov. 11, 1917. 2390

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
FRIDAY,
the 16th November, 1917, at 10.45 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,
MISCELLANEOUS GOODS,
Comprising:—
Blankets, Counterpanes, Sheets, etc.; Dress Materials, including Blue and White Serge, "good" quality; Prints, Gingham, White Linen, Long Cloth, Drill, Flannel, Fannelette, etc.; Handkerchiefs, Gent's Silk Socks, Boys' Suits, Towels, Toilet Soap, Perfumery, White Lace Curtains, etc., etc.
A few Suit Cases and Sundries.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Nov. 10, 1917. 2388

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
FRIDAY,
the 16th November, 1917, at 2.30 p.m., at No. 23, New Hampshire Buildings, Ground Floor, (Hanoi Road),
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
therapeutic contained.
Particulars from Catalogue.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Nov. 12, 1917. 2389

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
FRIDAY,
the 16th November, 1917, at 2.30 p.m., at No. 23, New Hampshire Buildings, Ground Floor, (Hanoi Road),
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
therapeutic contained.
Particulars from Catalogue.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Nov. 12, 1917. 2389

GERMAN DESERTER'S SECRET PAPERS.

DOCUMENTS OF MILITARY IMPORTANCE.

SENTENCED AND BROUGHT TO LONDON.

Disclosure of a somewhat sensational character were made at Leamington Police Court in connection with a charge brought against Ernest Bollichschneider, hall porter at the Clarendon Hotel, and Ethel Brooker, a chamber-maid there.

The man, who had previously given the name of Marcel Jaggi, was charged with failing to register under the Aliens Restriction Act, and with obtaining a situation by means of a forged testimonial. The woman was accused of aiding and abetting him.

Both prisoners pleaded guilty, and the man was sentenced to six months' hard labour for failing to register and was fined £20 for obtaining a situation by means of a forged testimonial. It is understood that he has been brought by the police to London.

The woman Brooker, who was said to be the daughter of respectable English parents, was remanded for a week to a Home for Friendless Girls, the magistrates being of opinion that she had acted under the influence of the man.

Inquiries by the police convinced them that something in the nature of a mystery attached to the man. They found in his possession an officer's kit-bag containing a variety of articles, including secret documents of great military importance. The man was, also, in possession of a commission in the British Army, and a will had been found among his papers. When asked how he came to be in possession of the kit-bag, Jaggi said he had bought it second-hand, and the papers he had secured at a hotel in London. From the nature of things, the police said that was a most unlikely explanation. He had been wanted by the Metropolitan Police since September, 1914, but they had lost all trace of him.

Called by the Government.
Another point established by the police was that Jaggi was in possession of military calling-up papers issued by the German authorities, but whether these papers referred to him or not, was not known.

It appeared from police evidence that Jaggi, or Bollichschneider, obtained a situation at the Clarendon Hotel, Leamington, on the strength of a forged testimonial sent by the woman Brooker from Birmingham. When the police called at the hotel to inquire about his registration, he went upstairs to fetch his papers, as he said, but as some time elapsed, a maid was sent up for him, and he was found hiding under a bed. He came down a back staircase brandishing a stick and threatening those about him. He had changed his clothes, and there was no doubt that the woman Brooker had shown him into another room while a search was being made for him. The two had been living together as man and wife. In the police court Bollichschneider's confession was read. In this he said he was born on May 14th, 1894, in Wurtemberg. He served one year in the Bavarian army, and afterwards went on business for his father's firm. He came to England about six months before the war started, and, being unable to secure a good situation, he started as a hotel employee. He received the call-up notice from Frankfurt when war broke out. He was working at a restaurant in Richmond, and registered as an alien at the police station. Being an enemy alien he could not get a situation, so he pretended to be a Swiss, and worked for about two years in another hotel. Afterwards he called himself Marcel Jaggi, having a passport in that name. He admitted that he was a deserter from the German army, but said he had no sympathy with the German Government.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
WEDNESDAY,
the 14th November, 1917, commencing at 10.30 a.m., at his Sales Rooms, Drexler Street,
A LARGE QUANTITY OF CANTON SILK EMBROIDERED CREPE KILTS, SHAWLS AND BEDSPREADS.
(The above are being sold without reserve owing to the failure of a firm to take up the goods.)
Also
A Quantity of Gent's and Ladies Boots and Shoes in brown and black leather.
On View from Monday, the 12th instant.
Catalogue will be issued.
Terms:—Cash.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, Nov. 6, 1917. 2370

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
WEDNESDAY,
the 14th November, 1917, commencing at 11 a.m., at his Sales Rooms, Drexler Street,
4,000 Tons of Lamps (5.50 c. p.).
40 Desk Fans.
30 Ceiling Fans.
Also
Silk Flexible Cord, Lead Fuse and dynamo Wire, strip fuses, porcelain cloths and insulators, button insulators, lamp holders and lamp locking rings, porcelain, rubber, glass and sockets, table lamps, brackets and fittings, electric boards, gas valves, fine bodies, gauge rings and cartridges, and lamps, hand lamps, "halo" lamps, "globe" lamps, and all other electrical goods.
On View from Monday, the 12th instant.
Catalogue will be issued.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, Nov. 6, 1917. 2370

The Man Who Gets There
If the man who has blood—real rich red blood—plenty of it—his body—
WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND
makes blood—lots of it—life giving, brain nourishing, strength replenishing blood.
OF ALL CHEMISTS
BOTTLES \$1.25 and \$2.25

RACING IN NORTH CHINA.

THE PEKING AND TONGSHAN GRIFFINS.

PEKING AND TIENTSIN MEETING.

The Peking Correspondent of the "N.C. Daily News" writes—

A recent decision of the Shanghai Race Club has come rather as a shock to some racing owners in North China. There is no contention that the action of Shanghai is unreasonable or improper, but it has roughly disturbed certain pleasant dreams.

Up here we have the Tientsin races, which rank as a first-class meeting. The Peking races for a long time were chased as unofficial in Tientsin, and occasionally the best Peking ponies after doing well at their own meeting went down to Tientsin and ran there as griffins. In recent years, however, Tientsin refused to accept ponies that had run in Peking as griffins. But the Tongshan bi-annual gymkhana has always been looked upon as an off-day by Tientsin, and has enjoyed a non-official status.

When the war broke out the Peking races fell through, and we have since been running here one-day gymkhana meetings, under the auspices of the Hunt Club, our local cross-country organization. These meetings have always been held immediately after the Tientsin races, and like Tongshan have been classed by Tientsin as unofficial.

This autumn the Tientsin race-course has been overwhelmed by water, and racing rendered impossible. Peking thereupon stepped into the breach and offered the use of their course to Tientsin, for training and holding a race-meeting. Tientsin duly expressed thanks, but declined to do anything official, preferring that Peking should run its own Hunt Club Gymkhana in the informal manner introduced since the war. The question of the status of ponies running at an enlarged Peking meeting immediately arose in Tientsin, and the Race Club there disposed of it by officially notifying that "griffins starting at the Peking or Tongshan Gymkhana will be eligible to race as griffins at the Tientsin Spring Meeting of 1918."

On the same point, however, the Shanghai Stewards came to exactly the opposite decision by announcing that they regarded both the Peking and Tongshan gymkhana as official meetings. As the definition of a griffin is "a pony that has never run at an official meeting," the Shanghai decision deprives any pony running at either of the meetings mentioned of their griffin-hood, though the Tientsin decision maintains it. The point involved of course is whether the China pony, a unique little beast, comparable to no other race-horse in the world, having once been trained and run in company, can ever again be classed as a griffin or maiden.

In India, where more pony racing is done than anywhere else, a maiden is a pony that has never won Rs. 200. A pony can run and win less than 200 rupees many times, and still come out and run as a maiden. But there is the essential difference between the ponies running in India and China: that the first have blood and race naturally, whereas the second are not bred at all and were never intended by the Creator to race. The Indian "Maiden" is really a classification, whereas the China "griffin" implies a physical condition, namely, that of a beast from the Mongolian steppes that has never eaten anything but grass and which has suddenly been properly fed and taught to gallop. The griffin is blooded by his first race, and is never again quite the same animal. At least so it is contended, and evidently that view is taken in Shanghai. Sportmen up here cannot now run their ponies at two meetings this autumn and then take them down to Shanghai to race as griffins in the spring—even though our gymkhana are informal and the weather conditions have been such that no ponies are anything like fully trained. Nobody here quarrels with the Shanghai decision, though some may be a trifle disappointed.

Nothing ventures nothing gains.
As regards the forthcoming Peking meeting, the Hunt Club has broken out in a manner worthy of the occasion. With less than a hundred dollars in the bank a programme with 15 races, covering two days, was framed, with prize money running to over \$5,000. This large venture was made on the strength of promised support from Tientsin. Some 40 ponies actually came from Tientsin for training, and when the entries closed there were 34 ponies nominated, with entry money totalled more than \$1,000.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
WEDNESDAY,
the 14th November, 1917, commencing at 11 a.m., at his Sales Rooms, Drexler Street,
4,000 Tons of Lamps (5.50 c. p.).
40 Desk Fans.
30 Ceiling Fans.
Also
Silk Flexible Cord, Lead Fuse and dynamo Wire, strip fuses, porcelain cloths and insulators, button insulators, lamp holders and lamp locking rings, porcelain, rubber, glass and sockets, table lamps, brackets and fittings, electric boards, gas valves, fine bodies, gauge rings and cartridges, and lamps, hand lamps, "halo" lamps, "globe" lamps, and all other electrical goods.
On View from Monday, the 12th instant.
Catalogue will be issued.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, Nov. 6, 1917. 2370

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
WEDNESDAY,
the 14th November, 1917, commencing at 11 a.m., at his Sales Rooms, Drexler Street,
4,000 Tons of Lamps (5.50 c. p.).
40 Desk Fans.
30 Ceiling Fans.
Also
Silk Flexible Cord, Lead Fuse and dynamo Wire, strip fuses, porcelain cloths and insulators, button insulators, lamp holders and lamp locking rings, porcelain, rubber, glass and sockets, table lamps, brackets and fittings, electric boards, gas valves, fine bodies, gauge rings and cartridges, and lamps, hand lamps, "halo" lamps, "globe" lamps, and all other electrical goods.
On View from Monday, the 12th instant.
Catalogue will be issued.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, Nov. 6, 1917. 2370

Another change from the old-fashioned manner in Peking is that the meeting is no longer closed to members of the Peking Club, but is open to non-members who care to pay \$2 a day entrance money. A large enclosure is being constructed, inside which only ticket holders will be allowed, thus disposing of the swarms of Chinese passants who have hitherto overrun the open grounds and good-naturedly obstructed the business of the day. A special train will bring a crowd of Tientsin visitors, and our non-selling Champions Sweep is running late tens of thousands of dollars.

THE WHITE PLAGUE.

EDINBURGH'S FIRST PROFESSOR OF TUBERCULOSIS.

Edinburgh University has taken a step of the greatest importance in fighting consumption. The Court has just constituted a Chair of Tuberculosis, and appointed Sir Robert Philip, who is an expert adviser to the city on the disease. The chair will be endowed by the Royal Victoria Tuberculosis Trust of Edinburgh, and it is hoped that other Universities will shortly be inspired to similar effort.

Edinburgh is the first University in the Empire to strengthen the position of medical students and practitioners in this matter.

A medical correspondent writes to a London paper: Edinburgh is fortunate in being able to appoint as its first Professor of Tuberculosis so able a student of the white plague as Sir Robert Philip, who is an expert adviser to the city on the disease. He is more widely known, perhaps, as the founder of the first tuberculosis dispensary in the world, instituted as long ago as 1887.

The university's progressive policy should have far-reaching and valuable results in relation to the national health. For the past 30 years large sums of money have been expended on measures aiming at the control and treatment of tuberculosis, but there has been gigantic waste of public money owing to unsuitable cases being sent to institutions. This arises from cases not being diagnosed until the disease is far advanced. The patients frequently postpone seeking medical advice until the trouble has arrived at a critical stage. Often, too, in its earlier forms, the disease is treated as influenza, bronchitis, or a mere cold.

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
WEDNESDAY,
the 14th November, 1917, commencing at 10.30 a.m., at his Sales Rooms, Drexler Street,
A LARGE QUANTITY OF CANTON SILK EMBROIDERED CREPE KILTS, SHAWLS AND BEDSPREADS.
(The above are being sold without reserve owing to the failure of a firm to take up the goods.)
Also
A Quantity of Gent's and Ladies Boots and Shoes in brown and black leather.
On View from Monday, the 12th instant.
Catalogue will be issued.
Terms:—Cash.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, Nov. 6, 1917. 2370

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
WEDNESDAY,
the 14th November, 1917, commencing at 11 a.m., at his Sales Rooms, Drexler Street,
4,000 Tons of Lamps (5.50 c. p.).
40 Desk Fans.
30 Ceiling Fans.
Also
Silk Flexible Cord, Lead Fuse and dynamo Wire, strip fuses, porcelain cloths and insulators, button insulators, lamp holders and lamp locking rings, porcelain, rubber, glass and sockets, table lamps, brackets and fittings, electric boards, gas valves, fine bodies, gauge rings and cartridges, and lamps, hand lamps, "halo" lamps, "globe" lamps, and all other electrical goods.
On View from Monday, the 12th instant.
Catalogue will be issued.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, Nov. 6, 1917. 2370

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
WEDNESDAY,
the 14th November, 1917, commencing at 11 a.m., at his Sales Rooms, Drexler Street,
4,000 Tons of Lamps (5.50 c. p.).
40 Desk Fans.
30 Ceiling Fans.
Also
Silk Flexible Cord, Lead Fuse and dynamo Wire, strip fuses, porcelain cloths and insulators, button insulators, lamp holders and lamp locking rings, porcelain, rubber, glass and sockets, table lamps, brackets and fittings, electric boards, gas valves, fine bodies, gauge rings and cartridges, and lamps, hand lamps, "halo" lamps, "globe" lamps, and all other electrical goods.
On View from Monday, the 12th instant.
Catalogue will be issued.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, Nov. 6, 1917. 2370

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on
WEDNESDAY,
the 14th November, 1917, commencing at 11 a.m., at his Sales Rooms, Drexler Street,
4,000 Tons of Lamps (5.50 c. p.).
40 Desk Fans.
30 Ceiling Fans.
Also
Silk Flexible Cord, Lead Fuse and dynamo Wire, strip fuses, porcelain cloths and insulators, button insulators, lamp holders and lamp locking rings, porcelain, rubber, glass and sockets, table lamps, brackets and fittings, electric boards, gas valves, fine bodies, gauge rings and cartridges, and lamps, hand lamps, "halo" lamps, "globe" lamps, and all other electrical goods.
On View from Monday, the 12th instant.
Catalogue will be issued.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, Nov. 6, 1917. 2370

INTIMATIONS

A Double Safeguard.
When buying Worcestershire Sauce, always look for the signature in White

Lea & Perrins

on the Red label, and see also that the name LEA & PERRINS is embossed in raised letters on the glass bottle.

LEA & PERRINS' label and bottle are copied to such an extent that these precautions are necessary, in order to make sure that you are being supplied with the original and genuine Worcestershire and not one of its many imitations.

THE EVER-POPULAR HOUSEHOLD REMEDY
Which has now borne the Stamp of Public Approval for OVER FORTY YEARS.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT
PLEASANT TO TAKE.
REFRESHING AND INVIGORATING.
IT IS VERY BENEFICIAL IN ALL CASES OF
Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Errors in Diet—Eating or Drinking, Thirst, Giddiness, Rheumatic or Gouty Pains, Feverish Cold, with High Temperature and Quick Pulse, and Feverish Conditions generally. It is everything you could wish as a simple and Natural Health-giving Agent.

Prepared only by
J.C. ENO, Ltd., 'Fruit Salt' Works, London, England
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE

THE 'CHINA MAIL' Typhoon Map and Guide
WITH TABLE AND TRACKS OF PAST DISTURBANCES
Price 50 cents.

METALS
of all kinds, especially for shipbuilding and engineering works—largest and best assorted stock in the Colony.

SINGON & CO.
(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1850).
HING LUNG ST. PHONE 518.

SILIMPON (SEBASTIE) COAL
THE Undersigned having been appointed Dealers for the COALIN HARBOR COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote prices for best quality SILIMPON COAL (either steam or domestic) or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo).
SILIMPON COAL compares favourably with the better grades of Japanese Coal and gives good results on a very moderate consumption.
Steamers calling at SEBASTIE or SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPON COAL (either steam or domestic) are exempt from payment of all Port charges.
As Silimpin Steamers are berthed along the wharves, where there is a minimum depth of 27 to 28 feet at low water Spring Tides.
Orders of Shipment by Silimpin Harbours, and all other information regarding the Port can be had in application to the Agents.
BRADLEY & CO., LTD.
Agents, 100, Queen's Road, S. 1, Hongkong, and 10, Market Street, Singapore.

JAPANESE MAKERS
Every kind of Footwear
MADE TO ORDER

CHERRY & CO.
100, Queen's Road, S. 1, Hongkong, and 10, Market Street, Singapore.

TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

PALESTINE.

OUR GROWING SUCCESS.

London, Nov. 12.

Reuter's Correspondent at Egyptian Headquarters, telegraphing on November 10, states that each day adds to the magnitude and importance of our success on this front and each day adds a toll to our captures, while our pursuit of the enemy has already carried us nearly 30 miles north of Gaza, indeed, reports have been received showing the Turkish position, but it would be unwise to speculate upon these evidences of their sense of insecurity.

The only place where the enemy showed stubbornness was at Horeish, to the north of the Wadi Hesi, where he delivered six determined counter-attacks against the Scottish troops, who were driven back slightly, on the left, but recovered the trenches shortly afterwards; the Turks being forced back after suffering considerable loss.

The Imperial Service Cavalry also had a sharp brush after driving the enemy from Beit Hamun. The latter made a desperate effort to get away a long naval gun but both the crew and the gun were shot down and the gun captured as well as 22 prisoners.

Although the main body of the Turks has retired due north, smaller parties, like convoys of carriages, are scattered in various directions, and these are being continually rounded up.

TURKS ORGANISING.

London, Nov. 12.

An official despatch from Egypt states that the Turks are organising behind the north branch of the Wadi Sukerit, to the south-east covering Beit Yibir and Horeish.

Our mounted troops progressed towards Eltiye.

A night attack by the Scottish troops, on the enemy's right flank, captured some machine-guns.

The discovery of large war material continues.

THE WESTERN FRONT.

RECIPROCAL ARTILLERY ACTIVITY.

London, Nov. 12.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

There has been the usual reciprocal artillery activity.

GERMAN REPORT.

London, Nov. 12.

A German official message states:—There has been intense artillery activity on the Yser, in the region near Longarone.

EAST AFRICA.

GERMANS IN HOSPITALS.

London, Nov. 12.

An official report from East Africa states:—

The British found in Mbanda hospital 64 Europeans and also at Mbanda, the last German 41 Naval gun blown up, and 57 Europeans in hospital.

We are near the main body of the enemy between Nengou and Chivata.

Eleven German officers and 61 men in hospital at Kibambi southward of Mbanda have offered to surrender.

GERMANY AND IRELAND.

INTRIGUING WITH SINN FEIN LEADERS.

New York, Nov. 12.

The Chief of the United States Secret Service has published two Sinn Fein letters, which have recently come into the possession of the American authorities, showing clearly that Germany dangled the bait of an independent Ireland before the eyes of the extremists, but the promise to secure this was qualified by the condition that the course of the war should be decided.

THE WAR SITUATION.

SPEECHES BY THE FRENCH AND BRITISH PREMIERS.

THE SUPREME WAR COUNCIL.

Paris, Nov. 12.

Speaking at a luncheon given to Mr. Lloyd George, M. Poincaré declared that those who gave a thought to peace at the present time, were betraying, whether they intended or not, the most sacred interests of their country and of civilisation and humanity.

Referring to the Italian situation, M. Poincaré said at present, by every railway and by all other routes, British and French soldiers, guns and munitions were hurrying to the other side of the Alps and the help will not fall short of the greatness of the peril.

M. Poincaré said that Mr. Lloyd George's energy, eloquence, and imagination had brilliantly sustained and stimulated Great Britain's magnificent war effort. He also paid a tribute to General Smuts, who was present at the luncheon, remarking that they welcomed the Dutch face of General Smuts, the conqueror of German East Africa, and who, 20 years ago, gave the troops under General Methuen and General Buller plenty to do, and who, to-day, was one of the most popular men in England. The military effort of the South Africans, in the present war, was an admirable example of that liberalism which was one of the forces of Great Britain.

Mr. Lloyd George said he had important practical considerations to submit affecting the future of France and Great Britain, and even the destiny of the world. The Allied Governments meant that the Supreme War Council should be a real power in co-ordinating the military effort. Unfortunately there had not been time to consult America and Russia before setting up this Council, but for the success of this great experiment on which the victory of the Allies depended, it was essential that all the great Allies should be represented. Therefore, he confidently anticipated securing the agreement and co-operation of America and Russia in it. The events of the war had demonstrated, even to the most suspicious mind, the need for greater Allied unity in the war control. Despite recent happenings, the Allies still commanded the essential ingredients of victory, which superiority ought to have carried us much farther along the road to victory, than the point we had at present reached. The fault had not been with the navies or with the armies, but was entirely due to the absence of unity in the direction of a war in connection with which we had never passed from rhetoric into reality, or from speech into strategy.

All we had so far done was to set up a make-believe unity which was good enough in peace but fatal in war, because the Central Powers were acting on interior lines. That was an additional argument for the unification of our efforts.

The Postmaster General, speaking in London, said that he hoped that the abolition of the penny post would be avoided, though he had seriously considered the matter more than once since his assumption of office.

The Admiralty explains that the German boats on the Belgian coast are controlled by electricity, and propelled by petrol. They carry 300 to 500 pounds of high explosives and the crew leave when the engine starts, and an accompanying seaplane signals to shore operator the direction in which to steer. Upon striking the objective, the charge explodes.

A similarly controlled boat was used by the experimental ship *Pernon* in 1885.

THE BRITISH METAL INDUSTRIES.

TAKING PRECAUTIONS.

London, Nov. 12.

In the House of Commons, replying to Sir J. B. Lonsdale, Unionist Member for Mid-Armagh, Sir Albert Stanley, President of the Board of Trade, announced that he was introducing a Bill dealing with the non-ferrous metal industries, which, he trusted, would prevent German Companies obtaining control of the metals of the United Kingdom after the war. The question of corresponding legislation by the Dominions was a matter for the Governments of the Dominions.

PATRIOTISM OF THE BRITISH WORKING CLASSES.

London, Nov. 12.

A most remarkable demonstration of working class patriotism was given by the South Wales miners, whose ballot on the question of a strike, if the Government combined with the miners for the army, resulted in a majority of nearly four to one against a strike, despite the fact that three out of every five voting were militarily eligible.

FAMOUS CRICKETER DEAD.

Melbourne, Nov. 12.

The death is announced of Harry Trott, the well known cricketer.

THE SUPREME WAR COUNCIL.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

London, Nov. 12.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Bonar Law stated that with a view to the better co-ordination of military action a War Council had been constituted, composed of the Prime Minister and a member of each of the Governments of France, Italy and Great Britain. The Council would meet normally at Versailles, at least once a month, and at other places as might from time to time be arranged. The admission of the other great Powers of the Allies to the War Council was being discussed. Each Power will appoint one military representative as an adviser to the War Council and these would be independent of their respective General Staffs. They would have no executive function but would advise the Council on questions of co-ordination and allied strategy. The General Staff and Military Command of our armies and of each Power charged with the conduct of military operations, would remain responsible to their respective Governments. The Military representatives and their Staffs would be in permanent session at Versailles. The British and French representatives would be General Sir Henry Wilson and General Foch. He was not yet able to name Italy's representatives.

Replying to questions, Mr. Bonar Law expressed the hope that the United States would join the Council. No Naval Council had been formed. Mr. Billing (Independent Member for Hertford) asked whether there would be no naval representative, to which Mr. Bonar Law replied that the utility of the Council would not be increased by discussion of that sort. He emphasised that the authority of General Sir William Robertson would not be impinged upon by the appointment of General Wilson.

THE NEW GERMAN VICE-CHANCELLOR.

Amsterdam, Nov. 12.

A Berlin official announcement states that Herr von Feyer has been appointed Vice Chancellor (in succession to Dr. Helfferich).

THE PENNY POST.

QUESTION OF ITS ABOLITION.

London, Nov. 12.

The Postmaster General, speaking in London, said that he hoped that the abolition of the penny post would be avoided, though he had seriously considered the matter more than once since his assumption of office.

THE GERMAN ELECTRICALLY-CONTROLLED BOATS.

London, Nov. 12.

The Admiralty explains that the German boats on the Belgian coast are controlled by electricity, and propelled by petrol. They carry 300 to 500 pounds of high explosives and the crew leave when the engine starts, and an accompanying seaplane signals to shore operator the direction in which to steer. Upon striking the objective, the charge explodes.

A similarly controlled boat was used by the experimental ship *Pernon* in 1885.

THE BRITISH METAL INDUSTRIES.

TAKING PRECAUTIONS.

London, Nov. 12.

In the House of Commons, replying to Sir J. B. Lonsdale, Unionist Member for Mid-Armagh, Sir Albert Stanley, President of the Board of Trade, announced that he was introducing a Bill dealing with the non-ferrous metal industries, which, he trusted, would prevent German Companies obtaining control of the metals of the United Kingdom after the war. The question of corresponding legislation by the Dominions was a matter for the Governments of the Dominions.

PATRIOTISM OF THE BRITISH WORKING CLASSES.

London, Nov. 12.

A most remarkable demonstration of working class patriotism was given by the South Wales miners, whose ballot on the question of a strike, if the Government combined with the miners for the army, resulted in a majority of nearly four to one against a strike, despite the fact that three out of every five voting were militarily eligible.

FAMOUS CRICKETER DEAD.

Melbourne, Nov. 12.

The death is announced of Harry Trott, the well known cricketer.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE SUCCESSES IN PALESTINE.

ON THE HEELS OF THE TURKS.

London, Nov. 11.

Reuter's correspondent at the Egyptian Headquarters reports on November 9th that the pursuit on the heels of the retreating Turks was continued on Friday by our cavalry beyond Asaklon and El Mejdal. Owing to their hurry the Turks were unable to remove the inhabitants, who joyously welcomed our troops.

The cavalry, advancing north from Sheria, overtook the enemy's rearguard, and took a considerable number of prisoners; while elsewhere a dashing charge of Yeomanry resulted in the capture of six guns, three machine-guns, and 100 prisoners. Great quantities of undamaged stores have fallen into our hands. Our aviators continue to do good work, bombing and machine-gunning trains. They report that the town of El Falajeh and the rail junction at El Tineh are in flames.

RUSSIAN TROOPS IN FRANCE.

LOYAL TO KERENSKY.

Paris, Nov. 12.

Russian troops in France have telegraphed to Mr. Kerensky assuring him that they are ready to shed their blood against the Maximalists and counter-revolutionaries in the struggle for democracy against German autocracy.

EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA NEARLY DROWNED.

Amsterdam, Nov. 11.

A telegram from Gorizia relates the very narrow escape of the Austrian Emperor. While crossing a torrent the motor car broke down and a footman and a soldier while carrying the monarch towards the bank fell. All were swept over a weir and were carried a considerable distance beyond. Prince Felix, who arrived at a most critical moment, plunged into the torrent, and accompanied by his suite, rescued the Emperor, who had been constantly submerged.

THE SAND AND GRAVEL DISPUTE.

AN AWKWARD QUESTION BY MR. BALFOUR.

London, Nov. 12.

A White Paper on the Anglo-Dutch correspondence on the gravel question shows that the Dutch Government have not only contended that the gravel transmitted was not intended for military purposes, but that the Rhine Convention and other agreements impose on Holland the obligation to guarantee free navigation in the waters lying between the Rhine and Belgium.

Mr. Balfour disputes the applicability of the agreements, and asks: "If Holland regards her agreements as preventing an enforcement of her obligations as a Neutral, on what ground did she claim to prevent the departure of German ships captured at Antwerp by the Belgians?"

THE NEW UNION GOVERNMENT OF CANADA.

AN APPEAL BY SIR ROBERT BORDEN.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.

The Premier, Sir Robert Borden, on behalf of the new Union Government, has issued an appeal to the electorate, in which he states:—The Government has thoroughly realised that in this national emergency there is an imperative necessity for the fulfilment of its policies with the least possible delay. It pledges itself to prosecute the war with ceaseless vigour, to strive for national unity, to administer the public departments with economy and efficiency, to devise measures of taxation which will have regard to social justice, and to neglect nothing that may be required to sustain our soldiers on service or find comfort to those of their households who have left behind. It is firmly convinced that these objects can best be achieved by a Government representing all parties, classes, creeds, and interests. I appeal with confidence to the sympathy and support of Canadian people.

A HUGE COMBINE.

RUMOUR OF AMALGAMATION.

London, Nov. 12.

The *Liverpool Journal of Commerce* says it is rumoured that one of the largest ship-owning combines, containing plates an amalgamation with one of the largest colliery companies in South Wales.

Such a combination would be the largest of its kind in the world and would control over a million tons of shipping and six million tons of best steamer bituminous coals.

FATAL FIRE AT A MANCHESTER INFIRMARY.

London, Nov. 12.

Fifteen aged women were burned to death in a fire which occurred at a Manchester infirmary.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE IN PARIS.

Paris, Nov. 11.

Mr. Lloyd George has arrived here.

SHANGHAI RACES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

The Autumn Race Meeting at Shanghai opened yesterday. The following are the results of the racing:—
The Maloo Plate.—Half a mile.
Mr. Elruttus Merryland (Mr. Vida) 1
Mr. Robson's Niblick (Mr. Dalgleish) 2
Messrs. Toog and Speciman's Swallow (Mr. Rowe) 3
Time: 58.2 seconds.

The Criterion Stakes.—One mile.
Mr. John Peel's Silver Struck (Mr. Johnston) 1
Mr. John Peel's Sandy (Mr. Boyd) 2
Mr. Fash's Wynona (Mr. Hill) 3
Time: 2min. 04.2 seconds.

The Maiden Stakes.—Three quarters of a mile.
Mr. Ears's Elkwood (Mr. Ears) 1
Mr. Stubb's Dairy (Mr. Knoll) 2
Mr. Ellis Kadoorie's Fokine Chief (Mr. Springfield) 3
Time: 1min. 31.4 seconds.

The Far-West Stakes.—One mile and a half.
Mr. John Peel's Black Diamond (Mr. Johnston) 1
Mr. R. Macgregor's Upwood Park (Mr. Commons) 2
Mr. Gibbins' Standard Dablia (Mr. Rowe) 3
Time: 3min. 13.1 seconds.

The Subscription Gift Stakes.—Three quarters of a mile.
Messrs. Stephen and Burkill's Darna (Mr. Dalgleish) 1
Mr. Silby's Bernina (Mr. Stewart) 2
Mr. Seth's Hawkeye (Mr. Commons) 3
Time: 1min. 38.4 seconds.

The Shanghai Stakes.—One mile and three quarters.
Mr. John Liddell's Gladiator (Mr. Johnston) 1
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's The Oriole (Mr. Hill) 2
Mr. John Peel's Spring (Mr. Johnston) 3
Time: 3min. 42.2 seconds.

The Eclipse Stakes.—One mile and a quarter.
Mr. Cere's Lamplight (Mr. Moller) 1
Mr. Ears's Goodwood (Mr. Ears) 2
Mr. E. C. Pearce's Seadrake (Mr. Hill) 3
Time: 2min. 44.2 seconds.

The Autumn Cup.—One mile and a quarter.
Mr. Henry Morris's Beaconfield (Mr. Stewart) 1
Mr. C. R. Burkill's Winsome Dablia (Mr. Vida) 2
Mr. Penury's Wooner-Kazoo (Mr. Commons) 3
Time: 2min. 29.2 seconds.

The Wooner-Kazoo.—One mile and a half.
Mr. Dugor's Kowloon (Mr. Stewart) 1
Mr. Robson's The Spotted Bird (Mr. Moller) 2
Sir Ellis Kadoorie's Kalara Chief (Mr. Springfield) 3
Time: 3min. 17.2 seconds.

The Falmouth Plate.—One mile.
Mr. N. L. Sparke's Wild Gambler (Mr. Ears) 1
Mr. Seth's Hawkeye (Mr. Commons) 2
Mr. McEain's Golden Sub (Mr. McEain) 3
Time: 2min. 08.2 seconds.

SECOND DAY.

For the following results of to-day's racing, received up to time of going to press, we are indebted to the Hongkong Jockey Club.

1.—The Northern Cup, 1 Mile.—
Mr. Fash's Wynona (Mr. Hill) 1
Mr. Elruttus Merryland (Mr. Vida) 2
Mr. John Peel's Sandy (Mr. Johnston) 3
Time: 1.30.1 seconds.

2.—The China Cup, 1 Mile.—
Mr. Elruttus Merryland (Mr. Vida) 1
Mr. Neville's Good Boy (Mr. Knoll) 2
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's The Haven (Mr. Hill) 3
Time: 2.08.4 seconds.

3.—The Shanghai Stakes, 1 1/2 Mile.—
Messrs. Winsome and Hasty's The Oriole (Mr. Hill) 1
Mr. Henry Morris's Beaconfield (Mr. Stewart) 2
Mr. Penury's Wooner-Kazoo (Mr. Commons) 3
Time: 3.13.4 seconds.

4.—The Padua Cup, 1 1/2 Mile.—
Messrs. Stephen and Burkill's Darna (Mr. Dalgleish) 1
Mr. McEain's Golden Sub (Mr. McEain) 2
Mr. Seth's Hawkeye (Mr. Commons) 3
Time: 2.44.2 seconds.

5.—The Leana Mui Stakes, 2 Mile.—
Mr. Henry Morris's Beaconfield (Mr. Stewart) 1
Mr. John Peel's Black Diamond (Mr. Johnston) 2
Mr. Gibbins' Standard Dablia (Mr. Rowe) 3
Time: 4.20.4 seconds.

MUSHROOM SHIPPING COMPANIES IN JAPAN.

IT IS SOMEWHAT CURIOUS TO NOTE THAT THE MUSHROOM CROPS PROVE TO BE SO CLOSELY ASSOCIATED WITH THE DATE OF WHAT ARE DESCRIBED AS MUSHROOM SHIPPING COMPANIES, OF WHICH A SURPRISINGLY LARGE CROP SPRANG UP WITH THE RAPIDITY OF GROWTH ASSOCIATED WITH FUNGI. IT IS NOW FEARED THAT SOME, AT LEAST, OF THE NEW "SHIPPING COMPANIES" WHICH SINCE SPECULATION IN SHIPPING WILL PASS OUT OF EXISTENCE AS RAPIDLY AS THE YEAR'S MUSHROOM CROPS.

It is true that there has not yet been any actual winding-up of "shipping companies," but there are signs pointing to this, eventually, or to the pitiable plight to which some of them will be reduced. The Tokyo Shosen Kaisha, a "shipping company" which was established when the shipping market was enjoying an extraordinary boom, has been compelled to cancel its plans for doubling its capital of ¥1,000,000. Some time ago certain influential business men in Tokyo and Nagoya proposed to establish a shipbuilding company with a capital of ¥2,000,000, but have now postponed the proposal indefinitely. It is expected that a number of similar events will occur in the near future. —*Japan Chronicle*.

WHY IT SELLS.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Cough Remedy is the largest selling cough medicine in the world to-day. Because it does exactly what a cough remedy should do, and does it quickly and effectively. It is sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

DO NOT FORGET
HEATHER DAY
10th NOVEMBER, 1917.
PROCEEDS FOR WOUNDED SOLDIERS IRRESPECTIVE OF NATIONALITY IN SCOTTISH HOSPITALS.

HARPER & CO. LTD'S SPECIALITIES

Dhobine
A Specific for Dhobie Itch, Ringworm, and all Parasitic Skin Diseases.
Price \$1.00 per bottle.

Balsamic Cough Linctus
Pleasant to take, Effective, Harmless.
Price \$1.00 & 1.50 per bottle.

Essence of Taraxacum & Podophyllin
An Invaluable Remedy for Liver Complaints and Indigestion.
Price \$1.00 per bottle.

Hair Vita
A True Hair Grower.
Price \$1.00 per bottle.

Queen's Dispensary
(HARPER & CO.)

Tel. 492. 31, Queen's Road Central.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE
ENGLISH TAILORS
IN THE COLONY.
Diss Bros.
No. 1, WYNDHAM ST.
(Pavement Street)
HONGKONG.

OTHERS LOOK THE SAME
"MALTHOID"
IS THE SAME
EVERYDAY! EVERYWHERE!
A Mineral Roofing! Laid by our experts
Guaranteed right!
Free particulars from
Agents: BRADLEY & Co. Ltd.
HONGKONG.

4% FRENCH GOVERNMENT LOAN 1917.

PRICE OF ISSUE Frs. 68.60.

Bearing interest from the 16th Dec. 1917, payable quarterly.
FREE OF TAXES.

Not to be redeemed for 20 years.

Subscription List will be CLOSED on the 13th December, 1917.

Bills and Bonds of the "National Defence" bought before the 1st November, 1917, are accepted in payment.

Applications will be received by
THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE
where full particulars may be obtained.

L. BERINDOAGUE
Manager

Hongkong, Nov. 10, 1917.

BRITISH CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE ABROAD.

We hope that in any reform of the methods of collecting the disseminating commercial intelligence the important part that might be played by British Chambers of Commerce abroad will not be overlooked. Much excellent work has been done by these chambers, which are often really neglected by British manufacturers. Their activities range over a very wide field, but it is in the collection of commercial intelligence that their chief value lies. It is a task which is often overlooked, but which is of the greatest importance to the business community. The fact remains that it is a task which should not be allowed to continue. Other industries subsidize their chambers of commerce abroad, and officials of British Chambers of Commerce in important districts should be overworked, or else paid, and only able to give a part of their time to their duties. Many business men are very ready to endorse the work of Chambers of Commerce, and are glad to see that their activities are concentrated where such matters are concerned, and without parading to show, while millions are spent on objects of very doubtful value, the amount of money which is expended on British Chambers of Commerce abroad is very small.

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

Orders for Auxiliary Company by Capt. J. H. W. Armstrong, V.D.

PARADES.

THURSDAY, 15th inst.—
6.30 p.m.—Left Half Company (Old numbers other than specialists) at Belcher's Battery.

FRIDAY, 16th inst.

7.30 a.m. Right Half Company (Range Takers, Class, and Gun numbers as detailed in Belcher's Battery).
8.30 p.m. Right Half Company (Layers and Setters Class only) at Belcher's Battery.
8.30 p.m. Left Half Company (Layers and Setters Class only) at Belcher's Battery.

Orders for Engineer Company by Captain W. Russell.

9th to 10th inst.—
Nightly R.L. Manning at Belcher's and Lygonia as per Rotations posted at Headquarters.

OFFICERS' MEETINGS FOR DUTY.
Belcher, Captain Russell, O.V.D., R.L. Lygonia, and Lieut. Hill.
Stonewall, and Lieut. Marley.
Palmer, von Instruction.

Classes for higher training at Belcher's at 8 p.m. on Tuesday and Thursday, under staff Sergeants Overy and Parsons, R.L. Corp. Day and 2nd Corporal Norris, R.L.D.C.

The following are transferred for duty as from 1.11.17:
Sapper Jackson, from Belcher's to Lygonia.
Sapper Xavier, from Lygonia to Belcher's.

Orders for Infantry Battalion by Major H. A. Morgan.

PARADES.
"A" Company.

Wednesday, 14th inst.—
6.45 a.m.—Annual Musketry Course, Part 3, Practices 15 and 16, at Peak Range. The following will attend—
Sergeant W. W. Abney, W. Schofield, N. E. Kent, R. E. Hayward, W. W. Macdonald, R. A. M. Wilk, and A. M. Hollingsworth.

4.15 p.m.—No. 1 Platoon, Nos. 1 and 2 Sections, at King's Park Range. Annual Musketry Course, Part 3, Practices 10 and 11. Dress. Drill order with pouches.

Friday, 16th inst.—
4.45 p.m.—No. 1 Platoon, Nos. 3 and 4 Sections, at King's Park Range. Annual Musketry Course, Part 3, Practices 10 and 11. Dress. Drill order with pouches.

5.15 p.m.—No. 3 Platoon, Nos. 7 and 8 Sections, at Scandal Point. Musketry instruction. Dress. Drill order with pouches.

5.15 p.m.—No. 3 Platoon, at Headquarters. Musketry instruction. Dress. Drill order with pouches.

Wednesday, 14th inst.—
5.15 p.m.—No. 6 Platoon, at Scandal Point. Musketry instruction. Dress. Drill order with pouches.

Thursday, 15th inst.—
4.45 a.m.—Annual Musketry Course, Part 3, Practices 15 and 16, at Peak Range. The following will attend—
Sergeants W. H. Bell, and R. C. L. Dowling, Lieut. Col. A. O. Lang, Ptes. S. H. Dowling, G. W. C. Burnett, G. F. Nightingale, J. Graham, A. G. Coppin, R. McClelland, and W. L. Leach.

5.15 p.m.—No. 3 Platoon, at Kowloon Dock. Musketry instruction. Dress. Drill order with pouches. Hongkong residents proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Saturday, 17th inst.—
6.45 a.m.—Annual Musketry Course, Part 3, Practices 17 and 18, at Peak Range. The following will attend—
Ptes. W. E. Roberts, D. McFarquhar, W. Siskier, G. Hogg, J. F. Miller, A. S. Gubbay, N. J. Stagg, A. Bligh, G. F. Edging and G. R. Wotton.

WEDNESDAY, 14th inst.—
5.10 p.m.—Men detailed by Headquarters, Ptes. Raper, Reid, Jack, Latham, Logan, McKenna, Piggott, and Todd & Co.

Thursday, 15th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 4 and 5 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Friday, 16th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 1 and 2 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Saturday, 17th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 3 and 4 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Sunday, 18th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 5 and 6 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Monday, 19th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 7 and 8 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Tuesday, 20th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 9 and 10 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Wednesday, 21st inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 11 and 12 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Thursday, 22nd inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 13 and 14 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Friday, 23rd inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 15 and 16 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Saturday, 24th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 17 and 18 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Sunday, 25th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 19 and 20 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Monday, 26th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 21 and 22 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Tuesday, 27th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 23 and 24 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Wednesday, 28th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 25 and 26 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Thursday, 29th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 27 and 28 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Friday, 30th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 29 and 30 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Saturday, 1st inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 31 and 32 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Sunday, 2nd inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 33 and 34 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Monday, 3rd inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 35 and 36 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Tuesday, 4th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 37 and 38 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Wednesday, 5th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 39 and 40 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Thursday, 6th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 41 and 42 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Friday, 7th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 43 and 44 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Saturday, 8th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 45 and 46 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Sunday, 9th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 47 and 48 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Monday, 10th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 49 and 50 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Tuesday, 11th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 51 and 52 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Wednesday, 12th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 53 and 54 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Thursday, 13th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 55 and 56 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Friday, 14th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 57 and 58 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

Saturday, 15th inst.—
4.30 p.m.—Nos. 59 and 60 Guns at Royal Dock, Table C, Part 1. Hongkong residents may proceed by launch from Statue Wharf at 4.30 p.m.

COMPARE THE WORK!

The Royal Typewriter.
Prices \$230 to \$280
LESS EXCHANGE ALLOWANCE.

ALEX. ROSS & Co.,

Tel. 27. 4, Des Vaux Road.

TO LET

TO LET.
HOUSES in Morston Terrace and Broadwood Terrace.
HOUSES on Shamone, Canton.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

TO LET.
A FLAT in Nathan Road, Kowloon.
Four rooms in Kowloon.
Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.
Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong, August 22, 1917.

TO LET.
IMMEDIATE ENTRY, four very desirable SHOPS situated in Ice House Street, opposite the Grand Hotel, recently reconstructed.
For rent and other particulars apply to the Manager, Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd., 48 Connaught Road Central.
Hongkong, August 2, 1917. 2003

TO LEASE.
SUITABLE Firms may obtain OFFICE ROOMS in Missions Building, The Bund, Canton.
Apply to—
JACOB SPEICHER,
Secretary-Treasurer,
Missions Building,
The Bund, Canton.
Hongkong, Oct. 25, 1917. 2223

PATELL & CO. ORIENTAL PRODUCE EXPORTERS, SILK MERCHANTS, COMMISSION AGENTS.

Agencies in
NEW YORK,
SAN FRANCISCO, U.S.A.
Branches in:
CANTON,
SHANGHAI,
YOKOHAMA,
BOMBAY.
HEAD OFFICE: Kuo's Buildings, HONGKONG.

LESSONS IN CHINESE.
MR. LI HONG-YAN, a Chinese resident of the U.S.A., has been a teacher to European students and has been in the U.S.A. for many years. He has a good knowledge of the Chinese language and is a native speaker of English. He has also a good knowledge of the Chinese characters and is a native speaker of Chinese. He is now in Hongkong and is giving lessons in Chinese to Europeans and Americans. He is also giving lessons in English to Chinese students. He is a native speaker of both languages and is a very good teacher. He is now in Hongkong and is giving lessons in Chinese to Europeans and Americans. He is also giving lessons in English to Chinese students. He is a native speaker of both languages and is a very good teacher.

HONGKONG REGISTER.
Previous day On date at On date at
at 5 p.m. at 5 a.m. at 5 p.m. at 5 a.m.
Barometer 30.05 30.06 30.06 30.06
Temperature 67 61 61 61
Humidity 72 61 61 61
Direction of Wind S S S S
Force 2 1 1 1
Weather b c b b
Rain 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

HONGKONG TIDES.
The tide-table given below has been compiled at the National Almanac Office in London from the result of the analysis of observations taken by means of an automatic tide-measuring machine in the Water Police Station at Tsim Sha Tsui during the years 1872-9.
The zero of the table corresponds with the zero of the sounding in the Admiralty Chart, which has been found to be 4 feet 3 inches below mean sea level.
To obtain the depth of water on the tide-gauge at the Victoria Naval Yard add 2 feet 4 inches, and on the gauge at Lamou Dock, Aberdeen, add 10 feet 4 inches to the height given in the table.
November 14th to 20th, 1917.

ACCIDENTS WILL HALVE.
It is not possible to prevent an accident, but it is not impossible to be prepared for it. The only way to be prepared for an accident is to have a good knowledge of the Chinese language and to be a native speaker of English. The only way to be prepared for an accident is to have a good knowledge of the Chinese language and to be a native speaker of English.

Cuticura Stops Itching At Once



Treatment:
Cleanse With Cuticura Soap,
Dry and Heal With Cuticura Ointment.

For eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations, pimples, dandruff, sore hands and baby humors, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supremely effective as well as ideal for toilet purposes.

Samples Each Free by Post.
Address: P. Newberry & Sons, 27, Charterhouse Square, London. Sold everywhere.

FARES FOR PUBLIC VEHICLES.

CHAIRS.
I.—In Victoria with two Bearers.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Three hours, 50 " " " " " "
Six hours, 70 " " " " " "
A day (8 a.m. to 6 p.m.), \$1.10.
If the trip is extended beyond Victoria, half fare extra.
Between the hours of 8.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. the above fares shall be increased by 50 per centum.

II.—Beyond Victoria, with four Bearers.
Hour, 0.80 cents.
Three hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.40 " " " " " "
A day (8 a.m. to 6 p.m.), 2.00 " " " " " "

III.—In the Hill District.
With 2 Bearers With 4 Bearers.
Quarter hour, \$0.15 \$0.30
Half hour, " 0.20 0.40
One hour, " 0.30 0.60
Two hours, " 0.50 1.00
Three hours, " 0.70 1.20
Six hours, " 1.00 1.50
A day (8 a.m. to 6 p.m.), 1.50 2.00

RICKSHAS.
I.—In the Island of Hongkong engage if in Victoria.
Ten minutes, 5 cents.
Quarter hour, 10 " " " " " "
Half hour, 15 " " " " " "
One hour, 20 " " " " " "
Every subsequent hour, 20 " " " " " "

II.—In Kowloon.
Quarter hour, 5 cents.
Half hour, 10 " " " " " "
One hour, 15 " " " " " "
Every subsequent hour, 10 " " " " " "

III.—Taipo Road.
Twenty cents shall be added for each extra hour or part of an hour if the bearers cause the journey to take longer than—
To 4th mile, 75 cents. 1 hour.
Beyond 4th to 8th mile, 1.00. 2 hours.
Beyond 8th to 12th mile, 1.20. 3 hours.
Beyond 12th to 16th mile, 1.40. 4 hours.
Beyond 16th to 20th mile, 1.60. 5 hours.
Beyond 20th to 24th mile, 1.80. 6 hours.
Beyond 24th to 28th mile, 2.00. 7 hours.
Beyond 28th to 32nd mile, 2.20. 8 hours.
Beyond 32nd to 36th mile, 2.40. 9 hours.
Beyond 36th to 40th mile, 2.60. 10 hours.

Fares for journeys beyond the 11th mile to be a matter of previous arrangement in each case.
The fares here set out to apply to on rickshas with three coolies from Tsim Sha Tsui.

IV.—In the City of Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

V.—Beyond Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

VI.—In the City of Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

VII.—Beyond Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

VIII.—In the City of Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

IX.—Beyond Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

X.—In the City of Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

XI.—Beyond Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

XII.—In the City of Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

XIII.—Beyond Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

XIV.—In the City of Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " " "
Fourteen hours, 3.50 " " " " " "
Fifteen hours, 3.75 " " " " " "
Sixteen hours, 4.00 " " " " " "
Seventeen hours, 4.25 " " " " " "
Eighteen hours, 4.50 " " " " " "
Nineteen hours, 4.75 " " " " " "
Twenty hours, 5.00 " " " " " "

XV.—Beyond Victoria.
Quarter hour, 10 cents.
Half hour, 20 " " " " " "
One hour, 25 " " " " " "
Two hours, 50 " " " " " "
Three hours, 75 " " " " " "
Four hours, 1.00 " " " " " "
Five hours, 1.25 " " " " " "
Six hours, 1.50 " " " " " "
Seven hours, 1.75 " " " " " "
Eight hours, 2.00 " " " " " "
Nine hours, 2.25 " " " " " "
Ten hours, 2.50 " " " " " "
Eleven hours, 2.75 " " " " " "
Twelve hours, 3.00 " " " " " "
Thirteen hours, 3.25 " " " " "